



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: IX	Department: Social Science	Sub: Democratic Politics
Worksheet-5	Topic: Democratic Rights	Year: 2022-23

MULTIPLE CHOICE	
1	What is meant by the term 'writ'? (a) Written laws (b) A formal document containing an order of the court to the government (c) Basic features of the Constitution (d) None of the above
2	What was the reason given by America for imprisoning people at Guantanamo Bay? (a) They had been caught spying. (b) They were planning to kill the US President. (c) They were planning to set up a Communist government in USA. (d) America considered them as enemies and linked them to the attack on New York on 11th September, 2001.
3	How was the massacre of Albanians finally stopped? (a) The UN ordered for Milosevic's arrest (b) Several countries intervened to stop the massacre (c) The Serbs turned against Milosevic (d) Milosevic reformed himself
4	Which of the following is not an instance of an exercise of a Fundamental Right? (a) Workers from Bihar go to Punjab to work on the farms (b) Parents' property is inherited by their children (c) Christian mission sets up a chain of missionary schools (d) Religion is not taken into consideration during admission in schools
5	What does 'Right to Equality' say about the public jobs? (a) Jobs will be provided to all by the government (b) Jobs will be reserved for the more meritorious students (c) All citizens will be provided with equal opportunity in matters of employment (d) None of the above
6	Which of these is false regarding the Freedom of Speech and Expression? (a) Everyone has a right to think differently (b) One may disagree with a policy of the government (c) One can use it to incite people against the government (d) One is free to criticise the government
7	What does the Constitution say about the practice of untouchability? (a) It stands abolished (b) Its practice in any form is punishable by law (c) Since it is an age-old custom, it should be respected (d) Both (a) and (b)
8	Which one of the following rights is available to the citizens of India and not to the citizens of Saudi Arabia? (a) The country is ruled by a hereditary king

	(b) Citizens cannot form political parties (c) Women are subjected to many public restrictions (d) Citizens enjoy the freedom of religion
9	What can be done in case of infringement of the rights in a democracy? (a) Citizens are helpless; they cannot do anything (b) They can approach courts to protect their rights (c) They can ask their representatives to do the needful (d) None of the above
10	Which of these is not seen as a standard of human rights by the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights? (a) Right to social security and insurance (b) Right to health (c) Right to accumulate wealth (d) Right to adequate standard of living
11	Which of these statements about the relationship between Democracy and rights is more valid? (a) Every country that is a democracy gives rights to its citizens (b) Every country that gives rights to its citizens is a democracy (c) Giving rights is good, but it is not necessary for a democracy (d) All the above
12	Which one of the following is not a Political Right? (a) Right to contest election (b) Right to vote (c) Right to seek any political office (d) Right to freedom
13	Civil Rights are given to the individual by: (a) Nature (b) God (c) The State (d) The people
14	One of the forms of exploitation as mentioned in the constitution is 'traffic'. What does it mean? (a) Transport system (b) Buying and selling of human beings (c) Buying and selling of goods (d) None of the above
15	Which statement is true about the word 'Secular' ? (a) One religion treats other religion inferior (b) Tolerant of all religion (c) Only one religion is encouraged (d) None of the above
FILL IN THE BLANKS	
1	An international human rights organisation who collected information on the condition of the prisoners in Guantanamo Bay (US) was _____ . Amnesty International
2	The demand for legal or moral entitlements a person makes on fellow citizens is referred as _____ Claim

3.	According to our constitution, the laws apply in the same manner to all, regardless of a person's status. This is called _____ . Rule of law
4.	In a democratic country like India, some rights are given a special status. They are called _____ Fundamental Rights
5.	An order issued by a court asking a person to appear before it, is _____ Summon
6.	The government is responsible for providing free and compulsory education to all the children up to the age of _____ - 14 years
7.	The _____ of India appoints the National Human Rights Commission. The President
8.	Cultural and Educational Rights are safeguarded mainly for _____ Minorities
9.	_____ called the Right to Constitutional Remedies, 'the heart and soul' of our Constitution. Dr. Ambedkar
10.	A person who is arrested and detained shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within a period of _____ of arrest. 24 hours